

Public Health Nursing Services 0-19 (25 SEND) Service overview December 2025



0-19 Public Health Nursing Services

Health & Social Care Act 2012 sets out Statutory responsibility for commissioning public health services for children and young people aged 0-19 years

The Local Authority is responsible for commissioning School Nursing and Health Visiting services, which is provided by the Public Health Nursing Service.

In North East Lincolnshire the service forms part of the wider Public Health team.

Public Health Nursing Services are registered and regulated by Care Quality Commission. Both Registered Manager and Nominated Individual are employed by the service.



Most recent inspection (June 2023) the service was rated as Good.



All clinicians are registered nurses who expected to comply with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) The Code of Conduct.



The Code presents the professional standards that nurses, midwives and nursing associates must uphold to be registered to practise in the UK.

Regulation

Public Health Nurses

Health Visitors and School Nurse are Specialist Community Public Health Nurses — Registered Nurses or Midwives who have gone on to undertake further degree level training to become a HV or SN

This specialist training puts HV's and SN's at the forefront to assess and identify need before further issues arise due to the Universal reach and wide acceptance of the Healthy Child Programme (HCP)

Supported by skill mix team – consists of Public Health Nurses, Community Health Practitioners and screening practitioners

What Is Public Health Nursing?

PHNs work in schools, homes, clinics, and community settings, targeting underserved or at-risk groups

Health Visitors provide the Universal Healthy Child Programme 0-5 years, undertaking home visits, developmental reviews and identifying need—such as developmental concerns/SEND issues/parental mental health/safeguarding concerns (approx. 5000 children)

School nurses support children and young people aged 5–19, focusing on emotional wellbeing, risk-taking behaviours, and safeguarding. They are embedded in educational settings, enabling early identification of issues such as bullying, mental health concerns, and unmet health needs (5-18 year old population 27,397 ONS 2024)

First 1001 Days

The "First 1001 Days" refers to the critical period from conception to a child's second birthday—a window of opportunity that profoundly shapes lifelong health, development, and wellbeing.

Why the First 1001 Days Matter

This period is foundational because:

- Brain development is at its most rapid
- Attachment and bonding during this time influence emotional regulation, resilience, and mental health.
- Nutrition, safety, and stimulation directly affect physical growth and cognitive outcomes.
- Adverse experiences (e.g., neglect, poverty, parental mental illness) can have long-term negative effects on health and learning.

Role of the Health Visiting Service

North East Lincolnshire Council's Health Visiting Service

ARE YOU A PARENT OR CARER

of children aged 0 - 5

Advice when you need it most.

We're on hand to offer confidential advice from professionals, when you need it most. We can help with lots of common issues like:

Toileting, child health, feeding, sleep, behaviour and more.



Message us for confidential advice from a professional health visitor

HealthVisitingAdvice@nelincs.gov.uk

For any breastfeeding advice and support' you can also contact our Infant Feeding Peer Support Team on 01472 325000 or nelinfantfeedingteam@nelincs.gov.uk





Help parents, carers or guardians develop and sustain a strong bond with children. Support parents, carers or guardians in keeping children healthy and safe and reaching their full potential. Protect children from serious disease, through screening and immunisation. Reduce childhood obesity by promoting healthy eating and physical activity. Promote oral health. Support resilience and positive maternal and family mental health. Identify health and wellbeing issues early, so support and early interventions can be provided in a timely manner Make sure children are prepared for and supported in all childcare, early years and education settings and are especially supported to be 'ready to learn at 2 and ready for school by 5'

Antenatal Contact New Baby Review (10-14 days) 6 to 8 week review 10 to 12 month development assessment 2 to 2 ½ year developmental assessment

Healthy Child Programme 0-5 Mandated contacts

Transition to parenthood and the early weeks:

Maternal and infant mental health:

Breastfeeding (initiation and duration):

Healthy weight and healthy nutrition

Improving Health
Literacy, Managing
Minor Illnesses
and Reducing
Accidents:

Health, wellbeing and Good Level of Development

Supporting High Impact Area

Good Level of Development

DHSE mandate to increase number of children achieving good level of development at age 5 in EYFS assessment

75% of children by 2028 – an increase of almost 10%

2-2.5 year review is essential to meet this requirement, enables early recognition of issues and timely intervention and targeted support

Current uptake is 98.6%% (Q2)

Role of the School Nursing Service



Tel: **01472 323660**

Email: schoolnursingadvice@nelincs.gov.uk







Screening of Vision in Reception National Child Measurement Programme Reception and Year 6 A&E follow up Support and liaison between Health services and Schools Information Advice and Guidance Extended offer referral to Dental support services School readiness and engagement Early intervention and prevention

Healthy Child Programme 5-16 years Led by the School Nursing Service

Support School and engagement attendance Support liaison between School and health services Critical Incident response to school/settings Sexual health clinics Text service

School Nursing Service Additional service offer

Supporting resilience and wellbeing,

Improving health behaviours and reducing risk taking,

Supporting healthy lifestyles,

Supporting vulnerable young people and improving health inequalities,

Supporting complex and additional health and wellbeing needs,

Promoting self-care and improving health literacy

Supporting High Impact Area

Safeguarding Team Functions

Contribute to wider
Safeguarding Children
Partnership working
arrangements

Practitioner support with complex cases, particularly those with a high threshold of need, whilst undertaking any escalation of cases where appropriate

Provide Public Health
Nursing information to legal
requests, police/solicitor
access to records, court
statements, and rapid
reviews

Deliver safeguarding
supervision to practitioners
within Public Health
Nursing in line with Care
Quality Commission
standards

PHN and Marmot – a focus on Prevention

Public Health Nursing focuses on improving health outcomes at the community level by:

- Giving every child the best start in life PHNs provide maternal and child health services, immunisations, and parenting support.
- Enable all children, young people, and adults to maximize their capabilities and have control over their lives- delivering health education and life skills programs in schools and communities.
- Ensure a healthy standard of living for all assessment of need, improving health literacy and signposting to further support
- Create and develop healthy and sustainable places and communities – advocating for safe housing, food security and access to services
- •Strengthen the role and impact of ill health prevention PHNs lead screening programs, chronic disease management, and vaccination campaigns.

By strong advocacy and working with disadvantaged and marginalised communities PHN's also work to support and embody these additional Marmot principles:

Tackle racism, discrimination, and their outcomes

Pursue environmental sustainability and health equity together

Create fair employment and good work for all

Public Health Nursing Strategy

Background:

- Decline in HV &SN numbers over last few years
- Persistent vacancies and issues with recruitment
- Increasing complexity of need means increased safeguarding demands and support required at Family Help
- Locally high rates of premature births (2nd highest in England) means increased number of children requiring additional support, global developmental delay and SEN

Strategy (continued)

Sought out external and independent consultant but didn't meet the specific requirements for review

Using pre-existing skill & knowledge across Public Health developed Transformation Alliance to identify challenges and set a clear and sustainable direction for the future to examine:

- Workforce structure/exploring different ways of working
- Supporting staff wellbeing
- Recruitment
- Financial projections
- Review role profiles
- Collaboration and integration
- Governance
- Quality and Performance

Performance and Data

Public Health Nursing data and reporting involves collecting and analysing information on the health and wellbeing of children and young people, primarily through:

The Community Services Dataset (CSDS).

National Child Measurement Programme and Vision screening Programme

National HV returns

Local reporting with exception reporting where appropriate

This data is then used to monitor trends, assess the effectiveness of the service, and identify areas for improvement